

# CREST Mathematics Olympiad (CMO) Worksheet for Class 6

### Topic Mensuration

0)

@crestolympiads 🖄 info@crestolympiads.com 🕓 +91-98182-94134

#### **Worksheet on Mensuration**

- 1. Each rectangular tile is 50 centimetres long and 35 centimetres wide. How many tiles will be required to cover the floor of a room with a length of 9.45 metres and a breadth of 2.5 metres?
  - a. 115
  - b. 135
  - c. 155
  - d. 175
- 2. Four regular hexagons of perimeter 300 cm each are joined. What is the perimeter of the new figure formed as shown in the given figure?



3. The diameter of a circular field is 28 metres. How much distance will a man walk in order to make eight complete rounds of this field?



- a. 604 m
- b. 624 m
- c. 704 m
- d. 724 m

- 4. What is the length of each side of the field if the cost of fencing a square plot at the rate of \$2.50 per metre is \$2700?
  - a. 270 m
  - b. 540 m
  - c. 720 m
  - d. 1080 m
- 5. What is the total estimated area of the given figure?



- a. 16.5 sq. units
- b. 17.5 sq. units
- c. 18.5 sq. units
- d. 19.5 sq. units

#### **Answer Key**

**1.** b - 135

**Explanation:** Length of the rectangular tile = 50 cm = 50/100 m = 0.5 m Breadth of the rectangular tile = 35 cm = 35/100 m = 0.35 m Area of the rectangular tile = Length × Breath = 0.5 m × 0.35 m Length of the floor of a room = 9.45 m Breadth of the floor of a room = 2.5 m Area of the floor of a room = Length × Breath = 9.45 m × 2.5 m Number of tiles = Area of the floor of a room/Area of the rectangular tile =  $(9.45 \text{ m} \times 2.5 \text{ m})/(0.5 \text{ m} \times 0.35 \text{ m})$ =  $(945 \text{ m} \times 25 \text{ m} \times 10 \times 100)/(100 \times 5 \text{ m} \times 35 \text{ m} \times 10)$ = 135 **2.** c - 900 cm

Explanation: Perimeter of a regular hexagon = 300 cm

- $\Rightarrow$  6 × Side of a regular hexagon = 300 cm
- $\Rightarrow$  Side = 300/6 cm
- $\Rightarrow$  Side = 50 cm

The number of sides is marked in the figure.



There are 18 equal sides in the figure.

Perimeter of the given figure = Sum of the lengths of sides of the figure = AB + BC + CD + DE + EF + FG + GH + HI + IJ + JK + KL + LM + MN + NO + OP + PQ + QR + RA

- = 18 × 50 cm
- = 900 cm
- **3.** c 704 m

**Explanation:** Diameter (d) of a circle field = 28 m

One Complete round = Circumference of a circular field =  $\pi d$ 

- = 22/7 × 28
- = 88 m

Total distance walked by man to complete 8 rounds = 8 × One Complete round

= 8 × 88 m

= 704 m

**4.** a - 270 m

**Explanation:** Total cost of fencing a square plot = \$2700 Rate of fencing per metre = \$2.50 Perimeter of square = Total cost of fencing a square plot / Rate of fencing = 2700/2.5= 1080 m Using the formula, **perimeter of a square** = 4 × Length of a side of a square plot  $\Rightarrow$  4 × Length of a side of a square plot = 1080 m

- $\Rightarrow$  Length of a side of a square plot = 1080 m/4
- $\Rightarrow$  Length of a side of a square plot = 270 m

#### 5. b - 17.5 sq. units

**Explanation:** Area of a square = 2.5 sq. units Number of completely covered squares = 2 Area of squares that are completely covered = 2 × 2.5 sq. units Number of squares which are more than half covered squares = 2 Area of squares that are more than half covered = 2 × 2.5 sq. units = 5 sq. units Number of squares which are exactly half covered square =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$ Area of squares that are exactly half covered square = 3 × 2.5 sq. units = 7.5 sq. units Number of squares which are less than half covered squares = 6 [Disregard any area that is less than half a square in size.] Area of squares that are less than half covered squares = 0 sq. units Total estimated area = 5 sq. units + 5 sq. units + 7.5 sq. units + 0 sq. units = 17.5 sq. units

#### More Questions Coming Soon – Keep Learning!



## Difference between Ordinary & Extra-Ordinary is that "Little Extra"

![](_page_5_Picture_1.jpeg)